Fatally Flawed:

Questions Worth Answering

If	Then
If someone claims his life has lost value and isn't worth living anymore	then can <i>anyone's</i> life lose value simply by one's own choosing?
If someone says her dignity is diminished because she can no longer perform certain activities	then does everyone lose dignity when they lose the ability to perform those same activities?
If suicide is an irrational and tragic act	then why is physician-assisted suicide a healthy reaction to suffering?
If guardrails are touted by physician- assisted suicide advocates as guarantors of safety	then why do they consistently try to remove these guardrails?
If physician-assisted suicide is a reasonable approach to the fear of being a burden to our loved ones at the end of life	then is it reasonable for us to kill ourselves whenever we're a burden to our loved ones?
If healthcare organizations put profits over people with the opioid crisis ¹ , child transgender surgeries ² , and the smoking epidemic ³	then why should we trust them to put people over profits when it is exponentially cheaper to offer patients physician-assisted suicide than care for them?
If doctors make treatment recommendations based on their own judgements and biases	then couldn't they offer you poison if they think it's best for you?
If depression and anxiety make people prone to suicidal ideation and self-harm	then isn't depression a prime reason someone would choose physician-assisted suicide?

If depression is a common occurrence after receiving a terminal diagnosis	then shouldn't we put more emphasis on psychiatric treatment when patients receive a terminal diagnosis, instead of physician-assisted suicide?
If doctors occasionally misdiagnose life expectancy	then isn't it risky to rely primarily on life expectancy diagnoses to determine eligibility for physician-assisted suicide?
If the main reason for physician-assisted suicide legislation is to offer the terminally ill an escape from suffering	then why is unbearable suffering never a top reason provided by patients for choosing physician-assisted suicide?
If the main reason behind physician- assisted suicide is to relieve suffering	then what's the harm in legalizing euthanasia as well?
If death is generally seen as a bad thing, and if most patients' complaints at the end of life are related to poor pain management and care	then shouldn't we try to fix palliative and hospice care first before normalizing people killing themselves prematurely?
If helping someone commit suicide is widely seen as immoral and illegal	then why is it okay if it's done by a doctor?
If euthanasia is illegal due to concerns over coercion and patient consent	then why is physician-assisted suicide legal given the strong possibilities of coercion regarding patient consent?
If murder and euthanasia are both the intentional killing of another person	then how is euthanasia any different from murder?

¹ https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC7479783/

² https://www.nationalreview.com/corner/the-gender-industrial-complex-makes-billions-annually/

³ https://www.history.com/news/cigarette-ads-doctors-smoking-endorsement